POLICY

1. **Member Safety.** Members of the Baltimore Police Department (BPD) shall operate departmental vehicles with utmost care and caution, and, except when operating in Emergency Response Mode, will comply with all traffic regulations.

2. **Public Safety.** It is the policy of the BPD to weigh the risks of driving in Emergency Response Mode and/or engaging in a Vehicle Pursuit against the nature of the emergency, including the importance of apprehending suspects who unlawfully flee from law enforcement.

3. **Sound Judgement.** The BPD recognizes it is better to allow a suspect to temporarily escape apprehension than to jeopardize anyone’s safety in a pursuit.

4. **Discretion.** No member shall be criticized or disciplined for a decision not to engage in a Vehicular Pursuit or to terminate an ongoing Vehicular Pursuit based on the risk involved, even in circumstances where this policy would permit the commencement or continuation of the pursuit.

DEFINITIONS

**Emergency Response Mode** — Driving with emergency lights and siren activated.

**Eluding** — Eluding is when a member, operating a law enforcement vehicle, issues by hand, voice, emergency lights, or siren a visual and/or audible signal to the driver of a vehicle to stop, and, after a reasonable time to yield in response to the member’s signal, the driver increases speed, takes evasive action, and/or refuses to stop.

**Primary Unit** — The law enforcement vehicle driven by a member who initiates a pursuit, or any unit that assumes control of the pursuit as the lead vehicle (the first police vehicle immediately behind the eluding vehicle).

**Secondary Unit** — Any law enforcement vehicle which becomes involved as a backup to the Primary Unit and follows the Primary Unit at a safe distance.

**Street Paralleling** — Driving a law enforcement vehicle on a street parallel to a street on which a pursuit is occurring.

**Terminate** — To discontinue the pursuit of an eluding vehicle.
Trail — Following the path of the pursuit while obeying all traffic laws and without activating emergency lights or sirens. If the pursuit is at a slow rate of speed, the trailing vehicle will maintain sufficient distance from the pursuit vehicles so as to clearly indicate an absence of participation in the pursuit.

Vehicle Paralleling — An offensive tactic by one or more law enforcement vehicle to drive alongside the eluding vehicle while it is in motion.

Vehicle Pursuit — When a member operating a law enforcement vehicle attempts to keep pace and/or to immediately apprehend one or more occupants of an eluding vehicle.

REQUIRED ACTIONS FOR MEMBERS

Emergency Response Mode

1. Driving in Emergency Response Mode is only permitted in law enforcement vehicles equipped with emergency lights and siren.
   1.1. Officers shall not drive in Emergency Response Mode when transporting civilians or prisoners.

2. Before operating a law enforcement vehicle in an Emergency Response Mode, members shall consider the following:
   2.1. The nature or seriousness of the offense or the call for service.
   2.2. Current road or environmental conditions.
   2.3. Familiarity with the route and destination.
   2.4. Pedestrian and vehicular density.

3. When responding to an emergency call for service, such as an in-progress incident with the potential for injury, or armed person calls, members are authorized but not required to respond in an Emergency Response Mode.

4. When operating in an Emergency Response Mode, members may, in keeping with Maryland Code, Transportation Section 21-106, “Privileges for drivers of emergency vehicles”:
   4.1. Exceed the speed limit, so long as members do not endanger life or property.
   4.2. Proceed through a red light or stop signal, a stop sign, or a yield sign, but only after slowing down as necessary for safety.
   4.3. Disregard regulations governing turning or movement in a specified direction.
Vehicle Pursuit Authorization

1. Members may pursue an eluding vehicle when:
   
   1.1. The vehicle contains a felony suspect who poses an immediate threat of death or serious bodily injury to the member or others; and
   
   1.2. Before the pursuit is initiated, there exists probable cause to believe the fleeing suspect committed a felony which resulted, or could have resulted, in death or serious bodily injury; and
   
   1.3. Failure to immediately apprehend the person places a member or others in immediate danger of death or serious bodily injury; and
   
   1.4. The pursuit does not unreasonably endanger the safety of others when weighed against the risk the fleeing felon poses if not immediately apprehended but apprehended at a later time.

   NOTE: Members shall not initiate or participate in a pursuit when transporting passengers (including arrestees) other than on-duty police officers.

2. Factors that shall be considered, both individually and collectively, when deciding to initiate or continue a pursuit, include, but are not limited to:

   2.1. The safety of the public, including: the type of area, such as a school zone; time of day and lighting; weather, road conditions, and density of vehicular and pedestrian traffic; and the speed of the pursuit relative to these factors.

   2.2. The pursuing members’ familiarity with the area of the pursuit, the quality of radio communications between the pursuing vehicles and dispatchers/supervisors, and the driving capabilities of the pursuing member(s) under the conditions of the pursuit.

   2.3. Whether or not the identity of the suspect has been verified.

   2.4. The performance capabilities of the vehicles used in the pursuit in relation to the speed and other conditions of the pursuit.

   2.5. Other persons in or on the eluding vehicle, such as passengers, suspects, and hostages.

   2.6. The availability of other resources, such as air support assistance.

   2.7. The likelihood of apprehension at a later time.

Vehicle Pursuit Considerations

1. The decision to use specific driving tactics requires the same assessment of safety factors that a member considers when determining whether to initiate and/or terminate a pursuit.
2. Members must space themselves from other involved vehicles to enable them to see and avoid hazards or react safely to unusual maneuvers by the eluding vehicle.

3. Because intersections present a high risk of collisions, members shall exercise due caution and slow down, as necessary, when proceeding through intersections, especially controlled intersections.

4. Members shall not pursue a vehicle driving the wrong direction on a roadway. In the event the eluding vehicle drives in the wrong direction, members shall maintain visual contact with the eluding vehicle by paralleling the vehicle while driving on the correct side of the roadway.

5. When driving on a highway, members shall request other members to monitor exits available to the eluding vehicle.

6. Members shall notify the Maryland State Police and/or other law enforcement agencies if it appears that the pursuit may enter another jurisdiction.

7. Members shall not attempt to pass other pursuing vehicles unless requested to do so by the Primary Unit, and there is a clear understanding between all members involved that a member will be passing the other vehicles.

**When to Terminate a Pursuit**

1. When a supervisor directs the pursuit to be terminated, members shall immediately terminate the pursuit and advise the Communications Section dispatcher of their location.

2. Members shall terminate a pursuit when the pursuing member believes that the danger to the member(s) or the public outweighs the necessity for immediate apprehension of the fleeing felon.

3. Factors that shall be considered, both individually and collectively, when deciding to terminate a pursuit, include, but are not limited to:

   3.1. If there is a person(s) injured during the pursuit and there are no other personnel able to render immediate medical assistance.

   3.2. The distance between the pursing vehicle and the eluding vehicle is so great that further pursuit would be futile or require the pursuit to continue for an unreasonable time or distance.

   3.3. The eluding vehicle’s location is no longer definitively known.

   3.4. The pursuing vehicle sustains damage or a mechanical failure that renders it unsafe to drive.

   3.5. The pursuing vehicle’s emergency lighting equipment or siren becomes partially or completely inoperable.
3.6. When the identity of the fleeing felon is known and it does not reasonably appear that the safety needs for immediate capture outweigh the risks associated with continuing the pursuit.

3.7. When pursuit requires that the member(s) drive in a manner which exceeds the performance capabilities of the pursuing vehicles or the member(s) involved in the pursuit.

**Primary Unit Responsibilities**

1. The Primary Unit is responsible for the conduct of the pursuit unless he/she is unable to remain reasonably close to the eluding vehicle. The highest responsibility of the Primary Unit is the preservation of life and public safety.

2. At the earliest practical time when the member anticipates that a pursuit might be required, the member should activate his or her body worn camera in compliance with Policy 824, *Body Worn Cameras*.

3. The Primary Unit shall notify the dispatcher that a Vehicle Pursuit has been initiated, commencing with a request for priority radio traffic, and for the Aviation Unit to respond. As soon as practicable, the Primary Unit shall provide information including, but not limited to:

   3.1. Location, direction of travel, and estimated speed of the eluding vehicle.

   3.2. Description of the eluding vehicle including the license plate number, if known.

   3.3. Reason for the pursuit.

   3.4. Use of firearms, threat of force, violence, injuries, hostages, or other safety hazards.

   3.5. Number, identity, and description of occupants in the eluding vehicle.

   3.6. Weather, road, and traffic conditions.

   3.7. Need for any additional resources or equipment.

   3.8. Identity of other law enforcement agencies involved in the pursuit.

4. Until relieved by a supervisor or a Secondary Unit, the Primary Unit shall be responsible for broadcasting the progress of the pursuit. Unless circumstances reasonably indicate otherwise, the Primary Unit shall relinquish the responsibility of broadcasting the progress of the pursuit to a Secondary Unit or to Air Support to minimize distractions and allow the Primary Unit to concentrate foremost on safe pursuit tactics.

**Secondary Unit Pursuit Responsibilities**

1. Immediately notify the dispatcher of entry into the pursuit.
2. At the earliest practical time when the member anticipates that a pursuit might be required, the member should activate his or her body worn camera in compliance with Policy 824, *Body Worn Cameras*.

3. Remain a safe distance behind the Primary Unit, unless directed to assume the role of Primary Unit.

4. Assume broadcast responsibilities from the Primary Unit until the Aviation Unit assumes this responsibility.

5. Serve as backup to the Primary Unit once the eluding vehicle has been stopped.

**Pursuit Trailing**

In the event that the Primary Unit relinquishes control of the pursuit to another agency, the Primary Unit and/or any Secondary Units may, with the permission of a supervisor, trail the pursuit to the termination point in order to provide information and assistance for the arrest of the suspect and in reporting the incident. While trailing, regardless of the jurisdiction, members must continue to follow this policy.

**Pursuit Ending Tactics**

1. The use of a departmental vehicle to deliberately strike another vehicle or to act as a roadblock is **strictly limited to exigent circumstances** and may only be used when:
   
   1.1. The eluding vehicle is being operated in such a manner as to pose an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury to members or others; and
   
   1.2. Insufficient time exists to resort to other alternatives.

   **NOTE:** The use of non-departmental vehicles in Pursuit Ending Tactics is strictly prohibited.

2. At no time will a roadblock be established until:
   
   2.1. Authorized by the Shift Commander; and
   
   2.2. All pursuing police vehicles are made aware of the existence of the roadblock and its location, and have acknowledged this awareness via radio communications.

   **NOTE:** Members may not remain inside vehicles acting as blocking vehicles.

3. Intentional vehicle to vehicle contact is a use of force that members must report as directed in Policy 1115, *Use of Force*.

4. The stationary placement of a BPD vehicle to protect an accident or crime scene shall not be considered a roadblock.

**Use of Firearms**

1. Members shall not fire any weapon from or at a moving vehicle, except:
1.1. To counter an imminent threat of death or serious physical injury to the member or another person, by a person in the vehicle using means other than the vehicle.

1.2. To counter a situation where the officer or another person is unavoidably in the path of the vehicle and cannot move to safety. Officers should avoid positioning themselves in the path of a moving vehicle where they have no option but to use deadly force (See Policy 1115, Use of Force).

Air Support Assistance

1. Air support should be requested at the onset of the pursuit. Once the air support crew establishes visual contact with the eluding vehicle, air support should video record the pursuit and assume communication control over the pursuit.

2. The air support crew should coordinate the activities of resources on the ground, report on the progress of the pursuit, and provide members with details of upcoming traffic congestion, road hazards, or other pertinent information to assist in evaluating whether to continue the pursuit.

3. At any time, air support can recommend terminating the pursuit. If members on the ground are not within visual contact of the eluding vehicle, and the air support crew determines that it is unsafe to continue the pursuit, the air support crew shall recommend terminating the pursuit.

Inter-Jurisdictional Considerations

1. Due to communications limitations between local law enforcement agencies, a request for an outside agency's assistance requires the outside agency to assume responsibility for the pursuit once the pursuit enters a foreign jurisdiction. For the same reasons, when a pursuit leaves another jurisdiction and a request for assistance is made to the BPD, the outside agency shall relinquish control.

NOTE: BPD will only assist outside jurisdictions with pursuits when they meet BPD pursuit criteria.

2. Members should not join a pursuit unless specifically requested to do so by the pursuing agency and with approval from a supervisor, except when a single vehicle from the initiating agency is in pursuit. Under this circumstance, a member may, with supervisor approval, immediately join the pursuit until sufficient vehicles from the initiating agency join the pursuit or until additional information is provided allowing withdrawal from the pursuit.

3. When a request is made to assist or take over a pursuit that has entered Baltimore City, the supervisor should consider all of the factors this policy requires for initiating a pursuit, including, but not limited to:

3.1. The public's safety.

3.2. The safety of members and officers from other jurisdictions.

3.3. The seriousness of the offense and whether the suspect seriously injured or attempted to injure someone.
3.4. The sufficiency of staffing to maintain the pursuit.

4. As soon as practicable, a supervisor or the Shift Commander should review a request for pursuit assistance from an outside agency. The Shift Commander or supervisor, after considering the above factors, may assist or decline to assist with the outside agency’s pursuit.

5. In the event that the termination point of a pursuit from an outside agency is within the City, members shall provide appropriate assistance including, but not limited to, scene control, coordination and completion of supplemental reports, and any other assistance requested or needed.

Members Not Involved In the Pursuit

1. Members not involved in the pursuit shall remain in their assigned areas, shall not parallel the pursuit route, and shall not become involved with the pursuit unless directed otherwise by a supervisor.

2. When authorized by a supervisor, uninvolved members may use police vehicles and emergency equipment along the pursuit path to keep intersections clear of vehicular and pedestrian traffic to protect the public. Those members should attempt to place their vehicles in locations that provide safety or an escape route in the event a vehicle hits their police vehicle.

Reporting Requirements

1. All members and supervisors who participate in a pursuit shall tag and download body worn camera data in accordance with Policy 824, Body Worn Cameras.

2. The member who initiated the pursuit must complete an Incident Report detailing the facts that provided probable cause to believe an occupant of the eluding vehicle had committed a felony in which he or she seriously injured or attempted to seriously injure another person.

   2.1. The member must also document the facts that caused the member to believe the safety risks of pursuit were outweighed by the risks that the felon might seriously injure someone if not immediately apprehended.

REQUIRED ACTIONS FOR SUPERIORS

First-line Supervisor

1. Ensure that members under their supervision maintain a valid state issued driver’s license.

NOTE: Members are required to immediately notify the BPD if their license is suspended or revoked.

2. Closely monitor the emergency response driving of BPD personnel, and, when necessary, cancel or alter the conduct of the emergency response.

3. Manage control over all Vehicle Pursuits involving supervised members.
4. The first-line supervisor of the Primary Unit, or if unavailable, the nearest supervisor, shall:

4.1. Engage in the pursuit, when appropriate. If engaging, supervisors shall activate their body worn cameras.

4.2. Exercise management control of the pursuit.

4.3. Ensure that no more than three law enforcement vehicles are involved in the pursuit.

4.4. Direct the pursuit to be terminated if, at any time:

4.4.1. The pursuit violates this policy.

4.4.2. The danger of injury to members or others outweighs the danger that the fleeing felon will injure or kill someone if not immediately apprehended. In making this determination, supervisors shall weigh the factors listed above for initiating or terminating a pursuit.

4.5. Ensure that assistance from air support, canine, or additional resources are requested when appropriate.

4.6. Ensure that the Shift Commander is notified of the pursuit as soon as practicable.

4.7. Control and manage BPD Members when a pursuit enters another jurisdiction.

4.8. Prepare a post-pursuit review and ensure all incident reports and other required documentation are completed and entered into Blue Team.

NOTE: Supervisors will be held strictly accountable for maintaining command and control of a pursuit and for the emergency response conduct of their subordinates.

Shift Commander

1. Upon becoming aware that a pursuit has been initiated, monitor and continually assess the pursuit and ensure it is conducted within the requirements of this policy. The Shift Commander has the final responsibility for the coordination, control, and termination of a Vehicle Pursuit and shall be in overall command.

2. Approve/Disapprove requests by members or supervisors to establish a roadblock.

3. When the order to terminate a pursuit is given, notify the Primary Unit and any Secondary Units that they are prohibited from continuing to follow or remain behind the eluding vehicle.

Communications Section

1. If the pursuit is confined within City limits, radio communications will be conducted on the primary channel, unless instructed otherwise by a supervisor or dispatcher. If the pursuit is approaching a different jurisdiction, or once it leaves the City's jurisdiction, involved members should respond
when dispatch directs them to switch radio communications to a tactical or emergency channel most accessible to participating agencies.

2. Upon notification that a pursuit has been initiated, the dispatcher shall:

2.1. Clear the radio of non-emergency communications.

2.2. Coordinate pursuit communications of the involved members.

2.3. Broadcast pursuit updates as well as other pertinent information, as necessary.

2.4. Notify a supervisor of the pursuit.

2.5. Notify and coordinate with other involved and affected agencies.

2.6. Notify the Shift Commander of the pursuit.

2.7. Ensure all members participating in the pursuit are logged into Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD).

ASSOCIATED POLICIES

Policy 824, *Body Worn Cameras*
Policy 1115, *Use of Force*

RESCISSION


COMMUNICATION OF POLICY

This policy is effective on the date listed herein. Each employee is responsible for complying with the contents of this policy.